Senate Study Bill 1118

SENATE FILE BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND BUSINESS RELATIONS BILL BY CHAIRPERSON COURTNEY)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
	- Ai	oproved				-

A BILL FOR

1 An Act requiring the assessment of penalties for failure to timely pay certain workers' compensation benefits.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 4 TLSB 1938XC 83

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           Section 1. Section 86.13, Code 2009, is amended to read as
     2 follows:
           86.13
                   COMPENSATION PAYMENTS.
           1. If an employer or insurance carrier pays weekly
     5 compensation benefits to an employee, the employer or 6 insurance carrier shall file with the workers' compensation
  1
     7 commissioner in the form and manner required by the workers'
     8 compensation commissioner a notice of the commencement of the
     9 payments. The payments establish conclusively that the
  1 10 employer and insurance carrier have notice of the injury for
    11 which benefits are claimed but the payments do not constitute
    12 an admission of liability under this chapter or chapter 85,
  1 13 85A, or 85B.
           2. If an employer or insurance carrier fails to file the
  1 14
  1 15 notice required by this section, the failure stops the running 1 16 of the time periods in section 85.26 as of the date of the
  1 17 first payment. If commenced, the payments shall be terminated
  1 18 only when the employee has returned to work, or upon thirty 1 19 days' notice stating the reason for the termination and
  1 20 advising the employee of the right to file a claim with the
  1 21 workers' compensation commissioner.
    22
           3. This section does not prevent the parties from reaching
  1 23 an agreement for settlement regarding compensation. However,
  1 24 the agreement is valid only if signed by all parties and
    25 approved by the workers' compensation commissioner.
  1 26
           If a delay in commencement or termination of benefits
    27 occurs without reasonable or probable cause or excuse, the
  1 28 workers' compensation commissioner shall award benefits in
    29 addition to those benefits payable under this chapter, or
    30 chapter 85, 85A, or 85B, up to fifty percent of the amount of
    31 benefits that were unreasonably delayed or denied.
    32 <u>4. a. An employer has an affirmative duty to pay its</u> 33 employee the entirety of the benefits, plus any interest
    34 accrued thereon, to which the employee is entitled under
    35 chapters 85, 85A, and 85B, and this chapter by the date that
      1 the benefits or interest are due. If an employee proves that
     2 the employee's employer, the employer's workers' compensation
      3 carrier, or both, did not pay any part of such benefits and
      4 interest to the employee by the due date, the workers'
      5 compensation commissioner shall order the employer, carrier,
    6 or both, to pay a penalty to the employee of up to fifty
      7 percent of the amount due. The penalty ordered also 8 constitutes a workers' compensation benefit and payment
     9 to the employee within ten days after the order is filed.
    10 b. However, the commissioner shall not order a penalty
11 paid as provided in paragraph "a" if after weighing all the
12 evidence received and determining its credibility, the
    13 commissioner finds that based on all the circumstances proved,
    14 the employer, its workers' compensation carrier, or both, has 15 proven, as an affirmative defense, that the failure of the
  2 16 employer, carrier, or both, to perform the affirmative duty
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17 pay such benefits and interest when purportedly due, occurred

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2 18 after both of the following:
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2 19 (1) The employer, its carrier, or both, conducted a 2 20 reasonable investigation and a reasonable evaluation of the 2 21 employee's entitlement to workers' compensation benefits and 2 22 interest.

2 23 (2) The employer, its carrier, or both, had a basis for 2 24 the failure to pay such benefits and interest which was both 2 25 reasonable and was the actual reason for the failure to pay 2 26 benefits and interest, and was provided in writing to the 2 27 employee on or before the purported due date for payment of 2 28 the benefits and interest. A defense presented by an 2 29 employer, its carrier, or both, that the basis of the failure 30 to pay such benefits and interest when due is that the 2 31 employee's entitlement to such benefits and interest is fairly 2 32 debatable as a matter of law, as that defense is recognized in 2 33 the common law as a reasonable basis for a failure to pay with 2 34 respect to a bad=faith tort, does not constitute a reasonable 2 35 basis for the failure to perform the affirmative duty to pay 3 1 benefits and interest when due pursuant to this subsection.

EXPLANATION

This bill amends Code section 86.13 to provide that all
4 employers, their workers' compensation carriers, or both, have
5 an affirmative duty to pay employees all workers' compensation
6 benefits and interest due on those benefits to which the
7 employee is entitled under Code chapters 85, 85A, 85B, and 86,
8 by the date the benefits or interest are due. If an employee
9 proves that such benefits and interest have not been paid when
10 due, the worker's compensation commissioner is required to
11 order the employer, its carrier, or both, to pay a penalty to
12 the employee of up to 50 percent of the amount due. The
13 penalty ordered also constitutes a workers' compensation
14 benefit and is due within 10 days after the order is filed.

The bill also provides that the commissioner shall not order payment of such a penalty if after weighing all the twidence received and determining its credibility, the commissioner finds that the employer, its carrier, or both, pay the benefits and interest when purportedly due, occurred after conducting a reasonable investigation and reasonable evaluation of the employee's entitlement to such benefits and interest and with a basis that was both reasonable and was the actual reason for the failure to pay, and was provided in writing to the employee on or before the purported due date for the payments. The bill also provides that a defense that the basis of the failure to pay is that the employee's entitlement to such benefits or interest is fairly debatable as that defense is recognized in the common law as a reasonable basis for a failure to pay with respect to a bad=faith tort, does not constitute a reasonable basis for the

3 32 failure to perform the affirmative duty to pay benefits and 3 33 interest when due pursuant to this subsection.

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